



# *A new concept for food security under the world trade liberalization*

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According to FAO, food security is getting all people at all times the sufficient, safe and nutritious food that meeting their needs and food preferences in order to live a life filled with activity and health. On this basis, food security has three elements: (availability of supplies), (stability) and (access to).

The concept of national food security starts to appear clearly, when the political conflict has taken many forms, including the use of food as a tool to put pressure on countries that do not rely on themselves to provide food for their communities.

Food security is gaining increasing importance for many reasons, including:

- 1- The willingness of states and governments to ensure their communities not to entry in the cycle of poverty and food shortages.
- 2- to satisfy the food needs of the nation.
- 3- the first element in the process of human development.
- 4- willingness of the States to get rid of political pressure that exerted by the difficulty of obtaining food.

And the concept of food security has two levels, can distinguish between them:

The first concerns with food

production within the country, equivalent to or exceeds the domestic demand. equivalent for self-sufficiency.

The second is called the relative food security term, which is intended to provide the necessary materials for the food needs through other products in which the country has a relative

that can be achieved by relying on foreign trade.

to work within this strategy should be achieve an abundance of foreign currency by international trading that can import goods and foodstuffs. It also allows minimum trade of fluctuations in quantities, and

alleviate some of the countries on the financial burden to maintain large food stocks.



advantage over countries entry

international food to exchange goods. we can be adopt a strategic philosophy underlying the national food security represented by ensuring food in cooperation with others

other through to

markets

However, complete reliance on trade does not necessarily result in the stability of domestic prices also trade and its

liberalization play an important role in the ease of access to food due to the impact on economic growth, income and employment.

Perhaps it is true that the presence of domestic policies will help to expand the scope of benefits and compensation for the losses, the trade liberalization can play an important role in improving access to food, even though there may be problems related to adaptation to the new trade regime